



Population

	Dyrham and Hinton	%	South Gos.	%	England & Wales
Population					
Total usually resident population [1]	296	100.0	262,767	100.0	100.0
Total males	139	47.0	130,424	49.6	49.2
Total females	157	53.0	132,343	50.4	50.8
Age 0-4	9	3.0	15,925	6.1	6.2
Age 5-9	9	3.0	14,608	5.6	5.6
Age 10-15	18	6.1	19,397	7.4	7.0
Age 16-24	41	13.9	29,518	11.2	11.9
Age 25-44	43	14.5	69,580	26.5	27.4
Age 45-64	121	40.9	69,330	26.4	25.4
Age 65-74	39	13.2	24,040	9.1	8.7
Age 75 and over	16	5.4	20,369	7.8	7.8
People living in households	296	100.0	258,207	98.3	98.2
People living in communal establishments [2]	0	0.0	4,560	1.7	1.8
Full time students aged 18 and over (at term time address) [3]	13	4.4	8,296	3.2	4.4

Identity

	Dyrham and Hinton	%	South Gos.	%	England & Wales
Ethnic Group					
White Total	296	100.0	249,574	95.0	86.0
White: English/Welsh/Scottish/ Northern Irish/British	291	98.3	241,611	91.9	80.5
White: Irish	1	0.3	1,223	0.5	0.9
White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller	0	0.0	271	0.1	0.1
White: Other White	4	1.4	6,469	2.5	4.4
Black and Minority Ethnic Group Total	0	0.0	13,193	5.0	14.0
Mixed: White and Black Caribbean	0	0.0	1,516	0.6	0.8
Mixed: White and Black African	0	0.0	396	0.2	0.3
Mixed: White and Asian	0	0.0	1,016	0.4	0.6
Mixed: Other Mixed	0	0.0	739	0.3	0.5
Asian/Asian British: Indian	0	0.0	2,699	1.0	2.5
Asian/Asian British: Pakistani	0	0.0	698	0.3	2.0
Asian/Asian British: Bangladeshi	0	0.0	238	0.1	0.8
Asian/Asian British: Chinese	0	0.0	1,312	0.5	0.7
Asian/Asian British: Other Asian	0	0.0	1,493	0.6	1.5
Black/Black British: African	0	0.0	987	0.4	1.8
Black/Black British: Caribbean	0	0.0	980	0.4	1.1
Black/Black British: Other Black	0	0.0	251	0.1	0.5
Other ethnic group: Arab	0	0.0	366	0.1	0.4
Other ethnic group: Other	0	0.0	502	0.2	0.6
Country of Birth					
United Kingdom	284	95.9	245,470	93.4	86.6
Republic of Ireland	2	0.7	1,050	0.4	0.7
Other EU member countries (in March 2001)	2	0.7	2,542	1.0	1.6
Other EU Accession countries (April 2001-March 2011)	2	0.7	3,440	1.3	2.0
Other countries	6	2.0	10,265	3.9	9.0

Religion					
Christian	190	64.2	156,504	59.6	59.3
Buddhist	1	0.3	708	0.3	0.4
Hindu	0	0.0	1,681	0.6	1.5
Jewish	0	0.0	145	0.1	0.5
Muslim	0	0.0	2,176	0.8	4.8
Sikh	0	0.0	623	0.2	0.8
Other religions	1	0.3	888	0.3	0.4
No religion	79	26.7	80,607	30.7	25.1
Religion not stated	25	8.4	19,435	7.4	7.2
Language					
All people aged 3 and over	291	100.0	253,267	100.0	100.0
Main language is English	289	99.3	245,586	97.0	92.3
Main language is not English	2	0.7	7,681	3.0	7.7
Main language is sign language (included in not English)	0	0.0	136	0.1	0.0
Migration					
Born in UK	284	95.9	245,470	93.4	86.6
Resident in UK: Less than 2 years	2	0.7	2,329	0.9	1.7
Resident in UK: 2 years or more but less than 5 years	0	0.0	3,116	1.2	2.1
Resident in UK: 5 years or more but less than 10 years	0	0.0	3,685	1.4	2.8
Resident in UK: 10 years or more	10	3.4	8,167	3.1	6.8

Health and Care

	Dyrham and Hinton	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales
Limiting long-term illness ^[4]					
People whose day-to-day activities are limited a lot	14	4.7	17,842	6.8	8.5
People whose day-to-day activities are limited a little	24	8.1	23,072	8.8	9.4
People aged 16 to 64 whose day-to-day activities are limited a lot	6	2.9	6,667	4.0	5.8
People aged 16 to 64 whose day-to-day activities are limited a little	13	6.3	10,748	6.4	7.2
General health					
Very good health	167	56.4	129,141	49.1	47.1
Good health	85	28.7	91,675	34.9	34.1
Fair health	33	11.1	30,940	11.8	13.2
Bad health	9	3.0	8,556	3.3	4.3
Very bad health	2	0.7	2,455	0.9	1.3
All people who provide unpaid care ^[5]					
Total number of carers	44	100.0	27,639	100.0	100.0
1-19 hours a week	33	75.0	19,279	69.8	63.2
20-49 hours a week	3	6.8	2,976	10.8	13.4
50 or more hours a week	8	18.2	5,384	19.5	23.4

Economic Activity

	Dyrham and Hinton	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales
Economic Activity					
Total number of people aged 16 to 74	244	100.0	192,468	100.0	100.0
Total Economically active aged 16 to 74 ^[6]	162	66.4	143,198	74.4	69.7
Employees full time	77	31.6	82,489	42.9	38.5
Employees part time	32	13.1	31,453	16.3	13.7
Self-employed	43	17.6	17,147	8.9	9.7
Unemployed	2	0.8	5,354	2.8	4.4
Full time student	8	3.3	6,755	3.5	3.4
Total Economically inactive aged 16 to 74 ^[7]	82	33.6	49,270	25.6	30.3
Retired	42	17.2	27,390	14.2	13.8
Student	16	6.6	7,885	4.1	5.8
Looking after home or family	10	4.1	6,244	3.2	4.3
Long-term sick or disabled	7	2.9	4,872	2.5	4.2
Other	7	2.9	2,879	1.5	2.2
Unemployment					
Total Unemployed aged 16 to 74	2	100.0	5,354	100.0	100.0
aged 16 to 24	0	0.0	1,563	29.2	27.9
aged 50 to 74	0	0.0	1,046	19.5	18.5
who have never worked	0	0.0	565	10.6	16.2
who are long term unemployed	1	50.0	1,884	35.2	39.3
Qualifications ^[8]					
Total number of people aged 16 and over	260	100.0	212,837	100.0	100.0
No Qualifications	34	13.1	39,618	18.6	22.7
Highest level of qualification: Level 1	41	15.8	31,661	14.9	13.3
Highest level of qualification: Level 2	38	14.6	35,490	16.7	15.3
Highest level of qualification: Apprenticeship	7	2.7	11,435	5.4	3.6
Highest level of qualification: Level 3	26	10.0	29,111	13.7	12.3
Highest level of qualification: Level 4 and above	110	42.3	56,805	26.7	27.2
Other qualifications	4	1.5	8,717	4.1	5.7

People in Employment

	Dyrham and Hinton	%	South Gos.	%	England & Wales
Travel to Work					
Total number of people aged 16 to 74 in employment	158	100.0	136,531	100.0	100.0
People who work mainly at or from home	25	15.8	6,479	4.7	5.4
Who usually travel to work by:					
Underground, metro, light rail, tram	0	0.0	100	0.1	3.9
Train	4	2.5	1,724	1.3	5.2
Bus, minibus or coach	2	1.3	6,743	4.9	7.3
Taxi	0	0.0	263	0.2	0.5
Motorcycle, scooter or moped	0	0.0	1,906	1.4	0.8
Driving a car or van	110	69.6	95,258	69.8	57.5
Passenger in a car or van	3	1.9	6,948	5.1	5.1
Bicycle	1	0.6	5,356	3.9	2.9
On foot	12	7.6	11,150	8.2	10.7
Other method of travel to work	1	0.6	604	0.4	0.6
Hours Worked					
Total number of people aged 16 to 74 in employment	158	100.0	136,531	100.0	100.0
Part time: 15 or less	19	12.0	14,081	10.3	9.6
Part time: 16 to 30	36	22.8	26,827	19.6	19.5
Full time: 31 to 48	76	48.1	79,877	58.5	57.7
Full time: 49 or more	27	17.1	15,746	11.5	13.2
Industry					
Total number of people aged 16 to 74 in employment	158	100.0	136,531	100.0	100.0
A Agriculture; forestry and fishing	9	5.7	759	0.6	0.9
B Mining and quarrying	0	0.0	225	0.2	0.2
C Manufacturing	14	8.9	13,336	9.8	8.9
D Electricity; gas, steam and air conditioning supply	2	1.3	912	0.7	0.6
E Water supply; sewerage, waste management & remediation activities	0	0.0	983	0.7	0.7
F Construction	9	5.7	11,797	8.6	7.7
G Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles & motorcycles	14	8.9	22,296	16.3	15.9
H Transport and storage	4	2.5	6,642	4.9	5.0
I Accommodation and food service activities	16	10.1	5,591	4.1	5.6
J Information and communication	11	7.0	5,819	4.3	4.0
K Financial and insurance activities	2	1.3	8,753	6.4	4.3
L Real estate activities	2	1.3	1,632	1.2	1.4
M Professional, scientific and technical activities	19	12.0	7,876	5.8	6.6
N Administrative and support service activities	3	1.9	5,972	4.4	4.9
O Public administration and defence	5	3.2	10,383	7.6	6.0
P Education	9	5.7	11,461	8.4	9.9
Q Human health and social work	25	15.8	16,784	12.3	12.5
R/S/T/U Other	14	8.9	5,310	3.9	5.0
National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification					
Total number of people aged 16 to 74	244	100.0	192,468	100.0	100.0
1. Higher managerial and professional occupations	47	19.3	23,187	12.0	10.3
2. Lower managerial and professional occupations	57	23.4	42,163	21.9	20.8
3. Intermediate occupations	24	9.8	30,527	15.9	12.7
4. Small employers and own account workers	38	15.6	16,894	8.8	9.4
5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations	13	5.3	14,300	7.4	6.9
6. Semi-routine occupations	22	9.0	27,122	14.1	14.1
7. Routine occupations	15	6.1	18,843	9.8	11.1
Never worked and long term unemployed	4	1.6	5,091	2.6	5.6
Full-time students	24	9.8	14,341	7.5	9.0

Housing and Accommodation					
	Dyrham and Hinton	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales
Total number of dwellings ^[9]	130	100.0	109,984	100.0	100.0
Unshared	130	100.0	109,967	100.0	99.9
Shared	0	0.0	17	0.0	0.1
Total number of household spaces	130	100.0	110,024	100.0	100.0
Occupied (with at least one usual resident)	121	93.1	107,538	97.7	95.6
Unoccupied (no usual residents)	9	6.9	2,486	2.3	4.4
Household spaces which are:					
Detached	70	53.8	29,001	26.4	22.6
Semi-detached	44	33.8	37,523	34.1	30.7
Terraced (including end terrace)	6	4.6	30,140	27.4	24.7
Flat, maisonette or apartment:					
Purpose-built block of flats	0	0.0	10,240	9.3	16.3
Part of a converted or shared house (including bed-sits)	6	4.6	1,580	1.4	4.2
In commercial building	4	3.1	816	0.7	1.1
Caravan or other mobile or temporary structure	0	0.0	724	0.7	0.4
Tenure					
All households ^[10]	121	100.0	107,538	100.0	100.0
Owned: Owned outright	49	40.5	37,050	34.5	30.8
Owned: Owned with a mortgage or loan	38	31.4	43,536	40.5	32.7
Owned: Shared ownership (part owned and part rented)	0	0.0	497	0.5	0.8
Social rented: Local authority ^[11]	2	1.7	2,063	1.9	9.4
Social rented: Other	6	5.0	8,570	8.0	8.2
Private rented: Private landlord or letting agency	16	13.2	13,124	12.2	15.3
Private rented: Other	3	2.5	1,476	1.4	1.4
Living rent free	7	5.8	1,222	1.1	1.4
Household size					
Average household size	2.4		2.4		
Occupancy rating (rooms) of -1 or less ^[12]	2	1.7	5,070	4.7	8.5
Occupancy rating (bedrooms) of -1 or less ^[12]	1	0.8	2,636	2.5	4.7
Central heating					
No central heating	3	2.5	1,841	1.7	2.7
Gas central heating	10	8.3	86,672	80.6	78.7
Electric (including storage heaters) central heating	6	5.0	8,470	7.9	8.1
Oil central heating	85	70.2	5,511	5.1	4.1
Solid fuel (wood, coal) central heating	7	5.8	712	0.7	0.7
Other central heating	0	0.0	790	0.7	1.6
2 or more types of central heating	10	8.3	3,542	3.3	4.1
Car availability					
No cars or vans in household	3	2.5	14,044	13.1	25.6
One car or van in household	35	28.9	45,398	42.2	42.2
Two or more cars or vans in household	83	68.6	48,096	44.7	32.2
Total number of cars or vans in area	250		158,289		

Household Composition					
	Dyrham and Hinton	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales
Household Composition					
All households	121	100.0	107,538	100.0	100.0
One person household	25	20.7	28,554	26.6	30.2
Married couple household: With dependent children	24	19.8	20,457	19.0	16.3
Married couple household: No dependent children	55	45.5	33,081	30.8	26.9
Same-sex civil partnership couple household: With dependent children	0	0.0	13	0.0	0.0
Same-sex civil partnership couple household: No dependent children	0	0.0	102	0.1	0.1
Cohabiting couple household: With dependent children	3	2.5	4,539	4.2	4.3
Cohabiting couple household: No dependent children	6	5.0	7,487	7.0	6.8
Lone parent household: With dependent children	3	2.5	7,431	6.9	7.9
Lone parent household: No dependent children	2	1.7	3,489	3.2	3.9
Multi-person household: All full-time students	1	0.8	238	0.2	0.6
Multi-person household: Other	2	1.7	2,147	2.0	3.0
Households with dependent children ^[13]					
Households with dependent children	30	24.8	32,931	30.6	29.1
Households with dependent children: aged 0-4	7	5.8	12,546	11.7	11.8
No adults in employment with dependent children	3	2.5	2,818	2.6	4.2
No adults in employment without dependent children	31	25.6	28,149	26.2	29.4

Notes

- [1] A usual resident of the UK is anyone who, on census day, was in the UK and had stayed or intended to stay in the UK for a period of 12 months or more, or had a permanent UK address and was outside the UK and intended to be outside the UK for less than 12 months.
- [2] A communal establishment is an establishment providing managed residential accommodation. 'Managed' in this context means full-time or part-time supervision of the accommodation.
- [3] Schoolchildren and students in full-time education studying away from their family home are treated as usually resident at their term-time address. Students are shown as a percentage of the total population living in the area.
- [4] A long-term health problem or disability that limits a person's day-to-day activities, and has lasted, or is expected to last, at least 12 months. This includes problems that are related to old age.
- [5] A person is a provider of unpaid care if they look after or give help or support to family members, friends, neighbours or others because of long-term physical or mental ill health or disability, or problems related to old age.
- [6] A person aged 16 to 74 is described as economically active if, in the week before the census, they were: (i) in employment, as an employee or self-employed; (ii) not in employment, but were seeking work and ready to start work within two weeks, or (iii) not in employment, but waiting to start a job already obtained and available.
- [7] A person aged 16 to 74 is described as economically inactive if, in the week before the census, they were not in employment but did not meet the criteria to be classified as 'Unemployed'. This includes a person looking for work but not available to start work within two weeks, as well as anyone not looking for work, or unable to work.
- [8] Level 1 qualifications: 1-4 O Levels/CSE/GCSEs (any grades), NVQ level 1, Foundation GNVQ.
Level 2 qualifications: 5+ O Level (Passes)/CSEs (Grade 1)/GCSEs (Grades A*-C), School Certificate, 1 A Level/ 2-3 AS Levels/VCEs, NVQ level 2, Intermediate GNVQ, City and Guilds Craft, BTEC First/General Diploma, RSA Diploma Apprenticeship.
Level 3 qualifications: 2+ A Levels/VCEs, 4+ AS Levels, Higher School Certificate, Progression/Advanced Diploma, NVQ Level 3, Advanced GNVQ, City and Guilds Advanced Craft, ONC, OND, BTEC National, RSA Advanced Diploma.
Level 4+ qualifications: Degree, Higher Degree, NVQ Level 4-5, HNC, HND, RSA Higher Diploma, BTEC Higher level, Foundation degree (NI), Professional qualifications (for example teaching, nursing, accountancy).
Other qualifications: Vocational/Work-related Qualifications, Foreign Qualifications (Not stated/ level unknown).
- [9] A dwelling is a unit of accommodation in which all rooms - including the kitchen, bathroom and toilet - are behind a door that only that household can use. A dwelling may comprise one or more household spaces (the accommodation used or available for use by an individual household).
- [10] A household is defined as one person living alone, or a group of people (not necessarily related) living at the same address who share cooking facilities and share a living room or sitting room or dining area.
- [11] The Census asked respondents to identify who their landlord is and the results reflect the responses they gave. In the past decade many local authorities have transferred the management of their housing stock to other social landlords. Individuals responding to the Census will report their understanding of their landlord and this may not reflect the actual management arrangements in all cases.
- [12] Occupancy rating provides a measure of whether a household's accommodation is overcrowded or under occupied. There are two measures of occupancy rating, one based on the number of rooms in a household's accommodation, and one based on the number of bedrooms. The ages of the household members and their relationships to each other are used to derive the number of rooms/bedrooms they require. An occupancy rating of -1 implies that a household has one fewer room/bedroom than required, whereas +1 implies that they have one more room/bedroom than required.
- [13] A dependent child is a person aged 0 – 15 in a household or aged 16 –18 in full-time education and living in a family with his or her parent(s).

Notes on how figures for South Gloucestershire's administrative geographies are created

- * Priority Neighbourhoods: Created from aggregation of relevant whole LSOA level data.
- * Localities: Created from aggregation of relevant whole COA level data.
- * Area Forum areas: Created aggregation of relevant whole ward level data.
- * Core Strategy policy areas: Created from aggregation of relevant whole COA level data. The Severnside policy area is included within the rural area.

Data downloaded from Nomis on 4 February 2013.

For further information please contact: Andy Cornelius (andy.cornelius@southglos.gov.uk). 01454 863990.